



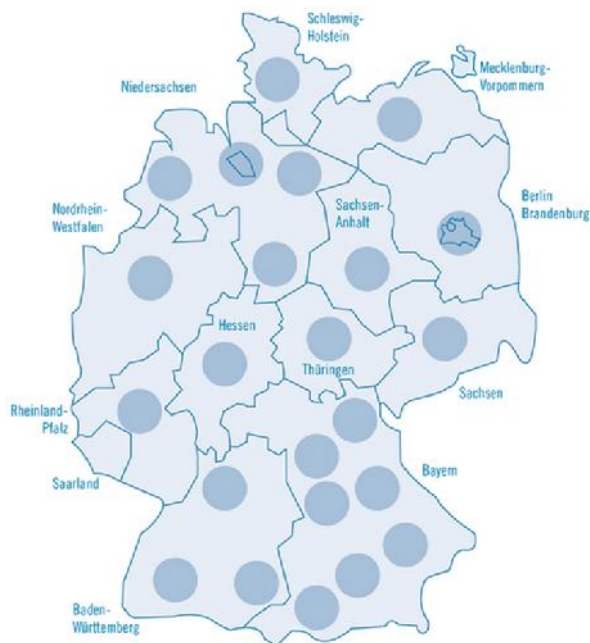
Biomethane Roadmap in Germany

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German Biogas Association

4,900 members
throughout Germany



- Operators of biogas plants
- Technology manufacturers
- Research institutions
- Public authorities
- Feedstock providers
- Interested individuals



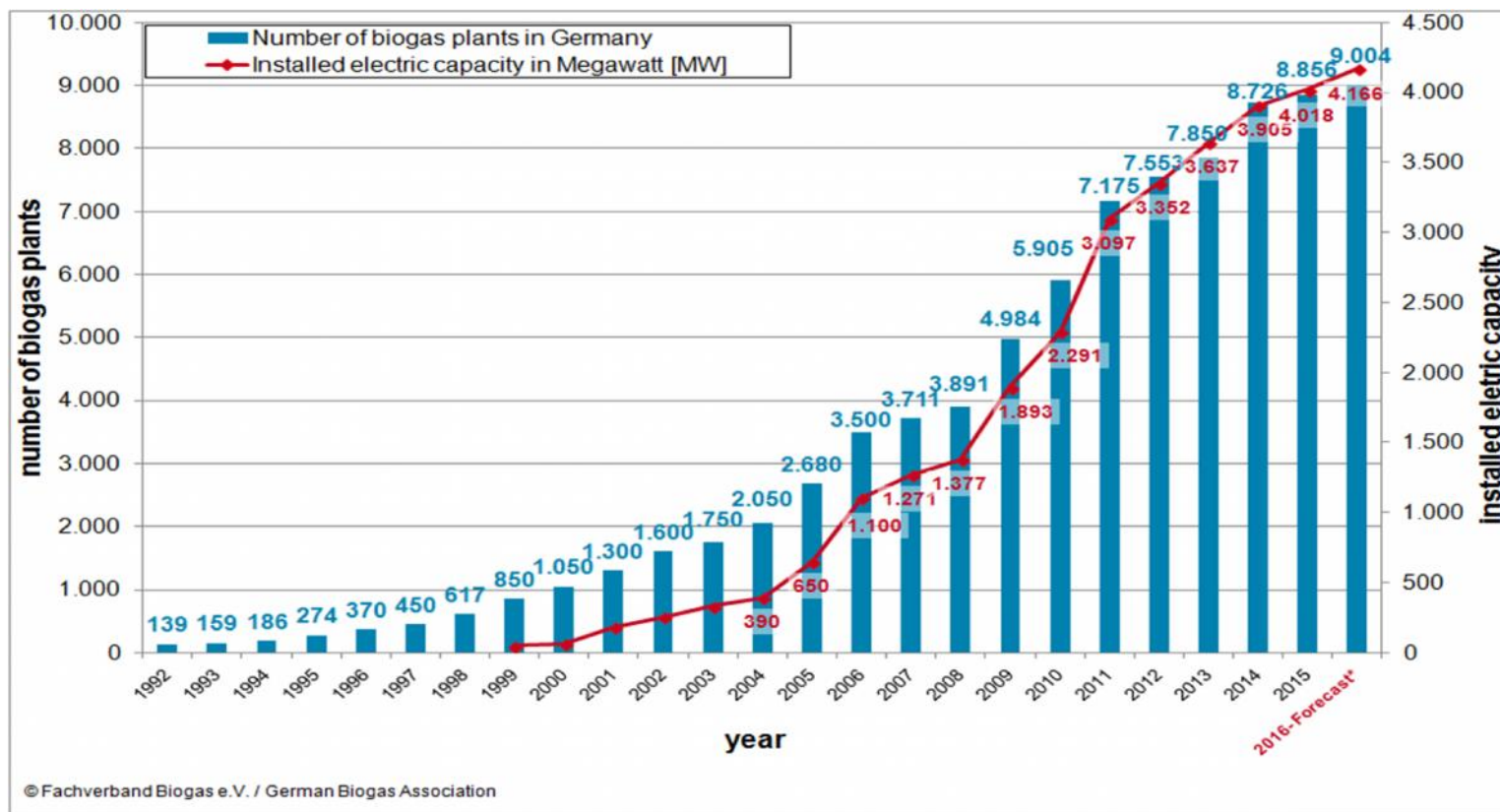
Main objective: promotion of the biogas sector

- Definition of legal framework and technical standards
- Exchange of information
- Political advocacy on federal, state and EU level

Present situation biogas

- Currently above 9,000 biogas plants in operation with a installed capacity of above 4,000 MWel
- About 150 new biogas plants in 2015 as well as in 2016: mainly small manure based plants (max. 75 kWel and more than 80% manure in the input)
- 42,000 Jobs in 2016
- CO₂ reduction
 - 15 Mt (providing electricity), 4 Mt (substitution fossil heat)
 - about 10 Mt (manure treatment)

Biogas plants in Germany

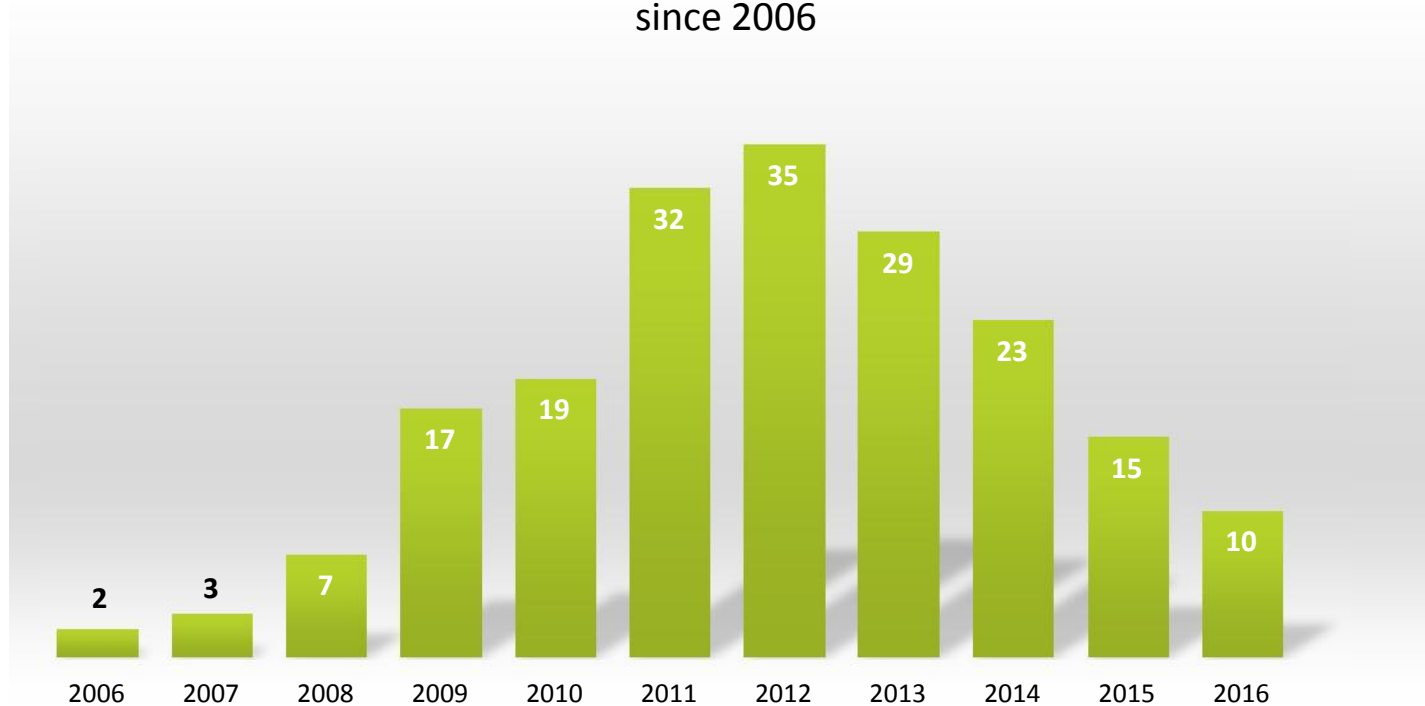


Present situation biomethane

- After a booming biomethane market until 2013 the market growth for biomethane has slowed down
- 197 biomethane plants in operation
 - In 2016, 10 new biomethane plants
 - In 2017 (until June) 4 new biomethane plants
- 2016: 201,865 m³/h raw biogas treated
- Capacity 2016 created plants: Range from 200 Nm³/h – 1.400 Nm³/h
- 2016: 9 new created plants based on Energy crops, 1 biological methanisation

Development biomethane plants

Development of new installed biomethane production plants since 2006



Figures on Biomethane

- 940 Mm³ biomethane, 9.4 TWh_{hi} injected, Biomethane is used for
 - 8 TWh = 85.1% CHP
 - 0.4 TWh_{hi} = 4.3% vehicle fuel
 - 0.3 TWh_{hi} = 3.2% thermal use (heat for about 2.6 Million households)
 - 0.7 TWh_{hi} = 7.4% other uses (raw material, export, ...)
- About 120 biogas filling stations in operation; additional about 170 filling stations offer a blend of biomethane and natural gas



Barriers

CHP sector

- No sufficient compensation from the Renewable Energy Sources Act

Heat market

- Heating applications are hardly supported (obligation to use in CHP due to higher CO₂-reduction), except in the state of Baden-Württemberg

Fuel sector

- Stagnating CNG vehicles sales
- New CO₂-Quota bears many risks and uncertainties
- Confusing price signs at fueling stations
- Cautious industry

International Trade

- Prohibitive national legislations
- ***Lack of EU-wide mass balance system***

- Growing interest in Germany in biomethane upgrading technology (not only in the European market, but also in countries like Brazil and India)
- Tax exception on biomethane
- Biomethane in transportation sector as new opportunity

Perspectives of development

- There is still a significant potential for development (e.g. organic household waste, manure...)
- The future role of biogas/biomethane in the electricity sector will be to provide flexibility to the system (balance fluctuation from wind and solar energy)
- The transportation sector has huge potential for biomethane. More renewables in transport sector are needed and electrification is limited. Political support needed!
- Bio LNG? Chances and possible development
- Independency of foreign gaseous sources might become a more important issue for the EU

What's in the next future?

- The next reform of the Renewable Energy Sources Act is ongoing in 2017. Auctions are introduced for all renewables.
- In the first auction resulted in accepting only very few new biogas plants.
- (Fossil) CHP-legislation is been revised, possibly with a new momentum regarding CO₂-saving and therefore chances for biomethane
- *International barriers need to be addressed in order to provide market uptake*



Thank you for your attention!

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